IN THE CLAIMS

Claim 1 (currently amended): A CMOS analog multiplexer circuit comprising:

multiple series ~~n-channel~~/p-channel MOS transistor input switches;

multiple series ~~n-channel~~/p-channel MOS transistor output switches;

multiple pull-down n-channel MOS transistor switches; wherein

said circuit prevents cross-signal feed-through from unselected inputs by shunting said feed-through to circuit ground.

Claim 2 (currently amended): The CMOS analog multiplexer circuit of Claim 1 further comprising:

the input of a first series input ~~n-channel~~/p-channel MOS transistor switch coupled to the first circuit input signal;

the input of a second series input ~~n-channel~~/p-channel MOS transistor switch coupled to the second circuit input signal;

the input of a nth series input ~~n-channel~~/p-channel MOS transistor switch coupled to the nth circuit input signal;

the output of said first series input n-channel/p-channel MOS transistor switch coupled to the input of a first output ~~n-channel~~/p-channel MOS transistor switch and to the drain of a first n-channel MOS pull-down transistor;

the output of said second series input n-channel/p-channel MOS transistor switch coupled to the input of a second output ~~n-channel~~/p-channel MOS transistor switch and to the drain of a second n-channel MOS pull-down transistor;

the output of said nth series input n-channel/p-channel MOS transistor switch coupled to the input of a nth output ~~n-channel~~/p-channel MOS transistor switch and to the drain of a nth n-channel MOS pull-down transistor;

the outputs of said first, second, and nth output n-channel/p-channel MOS transistor switches coupled together and to circuit output;

the sources of said first, second, and nth n-channel MOS pull-down transistors coupled to circuit ground;

the gates of all said series input and output ~~n-channel~~ p-channel MOS transistor switches coupled to a logic control signal;

the gates of all said series input and output p-channel MOS transistor switches and all n-channel MOS pull-down transistors coupled to a logic control signal which is the complement of said input/output transistor logic control signal.

Claim 3 (original): The CMOS analog multiplexer circuit of Claim 2, further comprising MOS transistor layouts which have an even number of circuit fingers: wherein

said MOS transistor's parasitic capacitance is reduced by more than 50%; and

said MOS transistor's bandwidth is at least doubled.

Claim 4 (original): The CMOS transistor layout of Claim 3 further comprising:

a CMOS transistor whose architecture has the source and gate split in half such that it consists of the sequence: one-half source, one-half gate, drain, one-half gate, and one-half source;

said CMOS transistor whose drain capacitance is half that of a conventional CMOS transistor;

said CMOS transistor whose gate is split into two parts each having a width of w/2;

said CMOS transistor whose source is split into two parts each having a width of w/2;

said two gate parts coupled together and to transistor gate output;

said two source parts coupled together and to transistor source output.

Claim 5 (withdrawn): A CMOS analog multiplexer circuit comprising:

multiple series n-channel MOS transistor input switches;

multiple series n-channel MOS transistor output switches;

multiple n-channel MOS transistor pull-down switches; wherein

said circuit is capable of multiplexing small level analog signals having amplitudes which are a small fraction of the power source;

said circuit's parasitic capacitance is reduced by as much as 50%;

said circuit's bandwidth is at least doubled; and

said circuit prevents cross-signal feed-through from unselected inputs by shunting said feed-through to circuit ground.

Claim 6 (withdrawn): The CMOS analog multiplexer circuit of Claim 5 further comprising:

the input of a first series input n-channel MOS transistor switch coupled to the first circuit input signal;

the input of a second series input n-channel MOS transistor switch coupled to the second circuit input signal;

the input of a nth series input n-channel MOS transistor switch coupled to the nth circuit input signal;

the output of said first series input n-channel MOS transistor switch coupled to the input of a first output n-channel transistor switch and to the drain of a first n-channel MOS pull-down transistor;

the output of said second series input n-channel MOS transistor switch coupled to the input of a second output n-channel MOS transistor switch and to the drain of a second n-channel MOS pull-down transistor;

the output of said nth series input n-channel MOS transistor switch coupled to the input of a nth output n-channel MOS transistor switch and to the drain of a nth n-channel MOS pull-down transistor;

the outputs of said first, second, and nth output n-channel MOS transistor switches coupled together and to the circuit output;

the sources of said first, second, and nth n-channel MOS pull-down transistors coupled to circuit ground;

the gates of all said series input and output

n-channel MOS transistor switches coupled to a logic control signal;

the gates of all said n-channel MOS pull-down transistors coupled to a logic control signal which is the complement of said series input/output transistor logic control signal.

Claim 7 (withdrawn): A CMOS analog multiplexer circuit for use with differential input signals, comprising:

multiple positive and negative signal series n-channel MOS transistor input switches;

multiple positive and negative signal series n-channel MOS transistor output switches;

multiple positive and negative signal n-channel MOS transistor pull-sown switches; wherein

said series positive and negative MOS transistor switch's capacitacne is reduced by at least 50% by means of eliminating the p-channel MOS transistors;

said circuit's bandwidth is at least doubled by means of eliminating said p-channel MOS transistors;

said circuit is capable of multiplexing small level analog signals having amplitudes which are a small fraction of the power source; and

said circuit prevents cross-signal feed-through from unselected inputs by shunting said feed-through to circuit ground.

Claim 8 (withdrawn): The CMOS analog multiplexer circuit of Claim 7 further comprising:

the positive inputs of multiple differential input signals coupled to corresponding multiple positive input series n-channel MOS transistor switches, respectively;

the outputs of said multiple positive input series input n-channel MOS transistor switches coupled to the inputs of multiple positive output n-channel MOS transistor switches, respectively, and to the drains of multiple positive n-channel MOS pull-down transistors;

the outputs of said multiple positive output

n-channel MOS transistor switches coupled together and connected to the positive differential circuit output;

the sources of said multiple positive n-channel MOS pull-down transistors coupled to circuit ground;

the gates of all said positive series input and output n-channel MOS transistor switches coupled to a logic control signal;

the gates of all said positive n-channel MOS pull-down transistors coupled to a logic control signal that is complementary to said positive series input/output logic control signal;

the negative inputs of multiple differential input signals coupled to corresponding multiple negative input series n-channel MOS transistor switches, respectively;

the outputs of said multiple negative input series input n-channel MOS transistor switches coupled to the inputs of multiple negative output n-channel MOS transistor

switches, respectively, and to the drains of multiple negative n-channel MOS pull-down transistors;

the outputs of said multiple negative output

n-channel MOS transistor switches coupled together and connected to the negative differential circuit output;

the sources of said multiple negative n-channel MOS pull-down transistors coupled to circuit ground;

the gates of all said negative series input and output n-channel MOS transistor switches coupled to a logic control signal;

the gates of all said negative n-channel MOS pull-down transistors coupled to a logic control signal that is complementary to said negative series input/output logic control signal.

Claim 9 (withdrawn): The CMOS analog multiplexer circuit of Claim 6 or 8 further comprising MOS transistor layouts having an even number of circuit fingers: wherein

said MOS transistor's parasitic capacitance is further reduced by more than 50%; and

said MOS transistor's bandwidth is further improved by at least two times.

Claim 10 (withdrawn): The CMOS transistor layout of Claim 9 further comprising:

a CMOS transistor whose architecture has the source and gate split in half such that it consists of the sequence: one-half source, one-half gate, drain, one-half gate, and one-half source;

said CMOS transistor whose drain capacitance is half that of a conventional CMOS transistor;

said CMOS transistor whose gate is split into two parts each having a width of w/2;

said CMOS transistor whose source is split into two parts each having a width of w/2;

said two gate parts coupled together and to transistor gate output;

said two source parts coupled together and to transistor source output.